**专题04 动词和动词短语**

**〖2023年高考真题〗**

**1.（2023年新高考I卷完形填空）**As reported by a local newspaper, Bailey was more than two-thirds of the way through her race when a runner in front of her began crying in pain. She \_\_\_\_25\_\_\_\_ to help her fellow runner, Danielle Lenoue.

25. A. agreed B. returned C. stopped D. promised

【答案】C

【25题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：她停下来帮助她的同伴Danielle Lenoue。A. agreed同意；B. returned回来；C. stopped停止；D. promised答应。根据下文“to help her fellow runner”可知，她停下来帮助她的同伴Danielle Lenoue。故选C。

1. **（2023年新高考II卷）**As a little girl, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (wish) to be a zookeeper when I grew up. Now, I’m living out that dream indirectly by helping the panda keepers do their job in English.

【答案】wished

【详解】考查动词。句意：作为一个小女孩，我希望长大后成为一名动物园管理员。分析句子结构可知，本句缺少谓语动词，所以wish作本句谓语，和主语I之间是主动关系，根据后文的grew可知用一般过去时。故填wished。

**3.（新高考II卷完形填空）**It just \_\_\_44\_\_\_ that I was planning another PNP flight with another pilot, Karen, who \_\_\_45\_\_\_ to take Tiffy from Kansas City to Virginia. What I was to do was fly to Topeka to \_\_\_46\_\_\_ Tiffy.

44. A. appeared B. proved C. happened D. showed

45. A. waited B. offered C. hurried D. failed

46. A. see off B. look for C. hand over D. pick up

【答案】44. C 45. B 46. D

【详解】

【44题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：碰巧我和另一名飞行员Karen正在计划另一次PNP飞行，他主动提出要把Tiffy从堪萨斯城带到弗吉尼亚。A. appeared出现；B. proved证明；C. happened碰巧；D. showed展示。根据“I was planning another PNP flight with another pilot, Karen,”可知，碰巧的是作者和另一名飞行员正在计划另一次PNP飞行。故选C。

【45题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：碰巧我和另一名飞行员Karen正在计划另一次PNP飞行，他主动提出要把Tiffy从堪萨斯城带到弗吉尼亚。A. waited等待；B. offered提供、主动提出；C. hurried匆忙；D. failed失败。根据“to take Tiffy from Kansas City to Virginia.”可知，Karen主动提出帮忙把狗Tiffy从堪萨斯城带到弗吉尼亚。故选B。

【46题详解】

考查动词短语辨析。句意：我要做的就是飞到托皮卡去接Tiffy。A. see off为……送行；B. look for寻找；C. hand over移交；D. pick up接载。根据“What I was to do was fly to Topeka”和常识可知，作者需要飞到托皮卡去接Tiffy。故选D。

**4.（2023年浙江卷1月完形填空）**

I 44 beekeeper Ziyad over a wide stretch of grassland before entering a thick jungle. Ziyad began preparations. He 45 handfuls of damp tree leaves, wrapped them with string, and 46 the bunch to create a torch(火把). Then, with one end of a rope tied to his waist and the other end around the trunk of a tree, Ziyad began 47 . He stopped every few minutes to move the rope higher up the tree trunk.

44．A．searched B．recognised C．followed D．invited

45．A．gathered B．cleaned C．dropped D．checked

46．A．shook B．lit C．measured D．decorated

47．A．jumping B．talking C．testing D．climbing

【答案】45.A 46.B 47.D

【解析】45．考查动词词义辨析。句意：他采集了几捧潮湿的树叶，用细绳把它们包裹起来，最后点燃这捆树叶当火把。A. gathered聚集、采集；B. cleaned清除；C. dropped掉落；D. checked检查。根据下文“handfuls of damp tree leaves”可知，此处指Ziyad从丛林各处，收集一些潮湿的树叶。故选A项。

1. 考查动词词义辨析。句意：他采集了几捧潮湿的树叶，用线把它们包裹起来，最后点燃这捆树叶当火把。A. shook摇晃；B. lit点燃；点亮；C. measured测量；D. decorated装饰。根据后文“to create a torch”可知，此空格处指点燃用细绳捆扎的树叶当火把。故选B项。

47．考查动词词义辨析。句意：然后，将绳子的一头拴在腰间，另一头则缠绕在一棵大树的树干上。然后Ziyad开始向上攀爬。A. jumping跳；B. talking谈话；C. testing测试；D. climbing攀爬。根据“higher up the tree trunk”可知，Ziyad要向上爬到树顶，才能采集到蜂蜜。故选D项。

**5.（2023年全国乙卷完型填空）**

To become the Olympic champion in the individual (个人) all-around event, Gabby Douglas had to leave everything she \_\_\_\_21\_\_\_\_ best. She had to \_\_\_22\_\_\_ her bedroom in Virginia. She had to say goodbye to her two dogs and to the beach, where she loved to \_\_\_\_24\_\_\_\_ waves on her board. But it was time to take the leap (飞跃), however heartbreaking it would be. Even at 14, Douglas knew that. So she went off about 1,200 miles away from home, to train with a coach from China. She lived with a family she had never \_\_\_\_29\_\_\_\_ and everything was new to her.

21. A. tried B. thought C. judged D. knew

22. A. take up B. pack up C. clean up D. do up

24. A. cause B. observe C. ride D. strike

29. A. met B. helped C. understood D. needed

【答案】21. D 22. B 24. C 29. A

【解析】

【21题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意： 为了成为个人全能项目的奥运冠军，Gabby Douglas不得不放弃她最熟悉的一切。A. tried尝试；B. thought思考；C. judged判断；D. knew知道；熟悉，了解。由上文“To become the Olympic champion in the individual (个人) all-around event, Gabby Douglas had to leave everything”和下文“1,200 miles away from home”可知，为了成为个人全能项目的奥运冠军，Gabby Douglas放弃她最熟悉的一切，来到一个陌生的地方，故选D。

【22题详解】

考查动词短语词义辨析。句意：她不得不整理好她在弗吉尼亚的卧室。A. take up从事；B. pack up整理；收拾行李；C. clean up清理；D. do up装修。由上文“Gabby Douglas had to leave everything”和下文“her bedroom in Virginia”可知，整理好她的卧室，准备离开这里，故选B。

【24题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：她不得不和她的两只狗以及她喜欢在冲浪板上冲浪的海滩说再见。A. cause引起；B. observe观察；C. ride骑；漂浮；D. strike打击。由下文“waves on her board.”可知，此处表示冲浪，ride the waves意为“冲浪”，故选C。

【29题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：她和一个素未谋面的家庭住在一起，一切对她来说都是全新的。A. met遇到；见过；B. helped帮助；C. understood理解；D. needed需要。由下文“everything was new to her.”可知，一切对她来说都是全新的，所以此处指她和一个素未谋面的家庭住在一起，故选A。

**6.（2023年全国甲卷完型填空）**

Many years ago, I bought a house in the Garfagnana, where we still go every summer. The first time we \_\_\_21\_\_\_ there, we heard the chug chug-chug of a motorbike \_\_\_22\_\_\_ its way down the hill toward us.

21. A. waited B. met C. camped D. stayed

22. A. making B. searching C. squeezing D. feeling

【答案】21. D 22. A

【解析】

【21题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：我们第一次住在那里的时候，我们听到了一辆摩托车从山上向我们开过来的嘎吱嘎吱的声音。A. waited等待；B. met遇见；C. camped露营；D. stayed暂住。根据前文“Many years ago, I bought a house in the Garfagnana, where we still go every summer.”可知，作者在当地买了房子，所以是第一次住在那里。故选D项。

【22题详解】

考查动词词义辨析。句意：我们第一次住在那里的时候，我们听到了一辆摩托车从山上向我们开过来的嘎吱嘎吱的声音。A. making使；让；B. searching搜索；C. squeezing挤压；D. feeling感觉。根据后文“coming to 　　　4　　　 us a box containing some tormatoes and a bottle of wine.”可知，摩托车是开过来给我们送东西的，所以make one’s way复合语境，为固定搭配，意为“前往”。故选A项。

**7.（2023年全国甲卷）**

Carson proves that a simple lyric form that has been passed down through the ages can still \_\_\_\_50\_\_\_\_ (employ) today to draw attention to important truths.

【答案】be employed

【解析】

考查语态。句意：卡森证明了一种简单的抒情形式，已经代代相传，今天仍然可以用来吸引人们对重要真理的关注。从句主语a simple lyric form与employ之间为被动关系，所以用被动语态。情态动词can后接动词原形。故填be employed。

**8.（2023年全国乙卷）**

The remarkable development of this city, which is consciously designed to protect the past while stepping into the modern world, \_\_\_\_\_50\_\_\_\_\_ (mean) there is always something new to discover here, and I could be photographing Beijing for the next 50 years.

【答案】means

【解析】

考查时态。句意：这座城市的显著发展，在有意识地保护过去的同时步入现代世界，意味着这里总是有新的东西等待发现，我可以在接下来的50年里一直拍摄北京。这里为本句谓语动词，根据上下文可知，本句时态为一般现在时；主语为“development”，单数，所以谓语动词用第三人称单数形式。故填means。

**〖2022年高考真题〗**

1. (**2022年新高考1卷 完形填空)** Another time, we rented a boat in Vallecito Lake. The sky was clear when we \_\_\_41\_\_\_, but storms move in fast in the mountains, and this one quickly \_\_\_42\_\_\_ our peaceful morning trip.

41. A. signed up B. calmed down C. checked out D. headed off

42. A. arranged B. interrupted C. completed D. recorded

【答案】41. D 42. B

【解析】这是一篇记叙文。文章主要讲述了作者去Vallecito湖时，天气突然变化，旅行被迫中断了。

41.考查动词短语辨析。句意：我们出发时，天空很晴朗，但山中风暴来势汹汹，风暴很快中断了我们平静的晨间旅行。A. signed up注册,报名；B. calmed down冷静下来；C. checked out退房,结账离开；D. headed off启程,出发。根据上文“The sky was clear”以及下文“but storms move in fast in the mountains”可推知，此处指天气突然变化，出发时还天气晴朗。故选D。

42.考查动词词义辨析。句意：我们出发时，天空很晴朗，但山中风暴来势汹汹，风暴很快中断了我们平静的晨间旅行。A. arranged安排；B. interrupted中断；C. completed完成；D. recorded记录。根据上文“storms move in fast in the mountains, and this one quickly”以及下文“our peaceful morning trips”可推知，此处指风暴来临，作者的旅行被迫中断了。故选B。

**2. (2022年新高考II卷)** Over the past 38 years, Mr. Wang has pretended to be someone else many times,and has even learned to \_\_\_\_41\_\_\_\_ different dialects（方言），leading to him being described as an “Oscar-winning actor".

41. A. teach B. compare C. assess D. speak

【答案】D

【解析】考查动词词义辨析。句意：在过去的38年里，王先生多次假扮别人，甚至学会了说不同的方言，这让他被称为“奥斯卡获奖演员”。A.teach 教授；B.compare 比较；C.assess评估； D.speak讲话 。根据“Mr. Wang has pretended to be someone else many times”可知，能扮成别人，还会讲不同的方言。故填D。

1. **(2022年新高考II卷)** In the 1990s, a group of thieves often sold stolen goods with the help of some beggars. To look into the \_44.case\_\_，Wang disguised（伪装）himself and \_\_\_\_45\_\_\_\_ the beggars.
2. A. interviewed B. joined C. arrested D. assisted

【答案】B

【解析】考考查动词词义辨析。句意：为了调查这个案子,王伪装自己并加入了乞丐中。A.interviewed采访； B.joined 加入；C.arrested 逮捕；D.assisted协助。根据“To look into the”可知，他混入乞丐中。故填B。

4. **(2022年1月浙江卷)**“I was simply\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a terrible experience,” Ms. Burdeyney said at her home in Toronto.

A. getting over B. going through C. holding on D. passing down

【答案】B

【解析】考查动词短语辨析。句意：“我只是经历了一段可怕的经历，”伯德尼女士在多伦多的家中说。A.getting over克服；B.going through 经历；C.holding on等一下； D.passing down传下去。根据下文 a terrible experience可知，此处应选“经历”。故选B。

**5.（2022年天津卷）**If we continue to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ environmental problems, we will regret it sooner or later.

A. highlight B. identify C. ignore D. prevent

【答案】C

【解析】考查动词词义辨析。句意：如果我们继续忽视环境问题，我们迟早会后悔的。A. highlight突出；强调；B. identify辨认；识别；C. ignore忽视；D. prevent阻止。由句意可知对于环境问题我们迟早会后悔，而这一切都是因为我们对环境问题的忽视。故选C项。

**6.（2022年浙江卷6月完形填空）**It is something that every manager should work hard to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ among their team.

A．assess B．organize C．develop D．Understand

【答案】C

### 【解析】考查动词词义辨析。句意：这是每个管理者都应该努力在团队中培养的品质。A. assess评估；B. organize组织；C. develop发展，培养；D. understand理解。根据常识可知，信任需要培养。故选C项。

### **7.（2022年浙江卷6月完形填空）**For example teaching Jacky to swim means he has to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that, when he’s swimming in the big pool, I’ll come to his rescue if his doggy paddle lets him down.

48．A．admit B．believe C．suggest D．imagine

【答案】C

### 【解析】考查动词词义辨析。句意：例如，教杰克游泳意味着他必须相信当他在大泳池里游泳时，如果他溺水，我能去救他。A. admit承认；B. believe相信；C. suggest建议；D. imagine想象。根据上文“because he trusts me”可知，教杰克游泳意味着他必须相信当他在大泳池里游泳时，如果他溺水，作者能去救他。这是父子信任的一个很好的例子。故选B项。

8.（2021天津卷6月考试） I wanted to make dumplings but found I had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ flour, so I went out to buy some.

A. made up for B. run out of

C. kept away from D. got down to

【答案】B

【解析】考查动词短语辨析。句意：我想包饺子，但发现我的面粉用完了，所以我出去买了一些。A. made up for弥补；B. run out of用完，用尽；C. kept away from远离，回避；D. got down to开始认真做。结合句意，此处指“用完”了面粉。故选B。

9.（2021天津卷6月考试） Although a few have come and gone, the restaurant's regular customers have\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the same for nearly 40 years.

A. stayed B. turned C. grown D. got

【答案】A

【解析】考查系动词动词词义辨析。句意：虽然有一些人来了又走了，但这家餐厅的老顾客已经光顾这家店近40年了。A.stayed保持；B.turned变成（某种颜色）；C.grown变得；D.got变成。根据“the restaurant's regular customers”以及“the same for nearly 40 years”可知，这家餐厅的老顾客已经光顾这家店近40年了。stay“保持”，表示老顾客保持40年不变。故选A项。

10.（2021天津卷6月考试） My brother and I are exactly one year apart. We look like twins, but we are completely different . By the time we got to middle school it was clear that my older brother \_\_\_\_1\_\_\_\_ meditation (冥想),while I was a born performer who preferred the theatrical, even when off stage. I took his relative silence to be offensive. We simply didn't \_\_\_\_2\_\_\_\_.

1. A. disliked B. preferred C. replaced D. abandoned

2 A. get along B. drop by C. show off D. check in

答案：1. B 2 A

解析1：考查动词词义辨析。句意：到我们上中学的时候，很明显，我哥哥更喜欢冥想，而我是一个天生的表演者，喜欢戏剧，即使是在舞台下。A. disliked不喜欢；B. preferred更喜欢；C. replaced取代；D. abandoned抛弃，放弃。根据句中对比的内容“while I was a born \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who preferred the theatrical”和preferred呼应，可知哥哥更喜欢冥想。故选B。

解析2：考查动词短语辨析。句意：我们就是合不来。A. get along相处，进展；B. drop by顺便拜访；C. show off炫耀；D. check in登记，报到。根据上句“I took his relative silence to be offensive.”及下文“a tense relationship with my brother”作者和哥哥性格和爱好不同，作者甚至认为哥哥相对沉默是一种冒犯，可知两人相处地不好，关系紧张。故选A。

11.（2021天津卷第一次考试）Henry David Thoreau was happy to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from social life, seeking a harmonious relationship with nature in the quietness of his life.

A．judge B．differ C．withdraw D．benefit

【答案】C

【解析】考查动词词义辨析。句意：亨利·大卫·梭罗乐于从社交生活中抽身出来，在平静的生活中寻求与自然的和谐关系。A. judge判断；B. differ不同；C. withdraw抽身，撤退；D. benefit有益于。根据后文“seeking a harmonious relationship with nature in the quietness of his life”可知Henry David Thoreau在平静的生活中寻求与自然的和谐关系，所以他乐于从社交生活中抽身出来，withdraw from“离开”。故选C。

12.（2021天津卷第一次考试）With that thought in mind, Pruitt 1 a plan and posted it on the community website. He 2 to fix bikes free of charge for anyone who needed it. He also asked for unwanted bikes, which he would repair-again for free. And then he would donate them to folks who could truly use them but didn't have the budget to buy one.

1．A．came up with B．stuck to C．gave up D．broke away from

2．A．remembered B．refused C．hesitated D．offered

答案：1．A 1．D

解析1：考查动词短语辨析。句意：带着这个想法，Pruitt想出了一个计划，并把它发布在了社区网站上。A. came up with提出；B. stuck to坚持；C. gave up放弃；D. broke away from突然逃跑。根据后文“a plan and posted it on the community website”指想出了一个计划，come up with符合语境。故选A。

解析2：考查动词词义辨析。句意：他主动提出为有需要的人免费修理自行车。A. remembered记得；B. refused拒绝；C. hesitated犹豫；D. offered提议。结合后文“to fix bikes free of charge for anyone who needed it”指Pruitt提议为他人免费修车，offer to do sth.“主动提出做某事”。故选D。

13.（2020·江苏卷）There will still be lots of challenges if we are to \_\_\_\_\_ garbage in a short time.

A. clarify B. justify

C. satisfy D. classify

【答案】D

【解析】考查动词词义辨析。句意：如果我们要在短时间内对垃圾进行分类，仍然会有很多挑战。A. clarify澄清；B. justify证明；C. satisfy 满足；D. classify分类。根据空后garbage可知，此处指“对垃圾进行分类”。故选D。

14.（2020·江苏卷）The speed of 6G will exceed 125 GB/s, \_\_\_\_\_\_ a new generation of virtual reality.

A. allowing for B. accounting for

C. calling for D. compensating for

【答案】A

【解析】考查动词短语辨析。句意:6G的速度将超过125 GB/s，使得新一代的虚拟现实成为可能。A. allowing for使……成为可能，促进……的发生；B. accounting for解释；C. calling for需要，要求；呼吁；D. compensating for补偿。根据空前The speed of 6G will exceed 125 GB/s可知，125 GB/s 的6G速度将使得新一代的虚拟现实成为可能。故选A。

15.（2020·天津卷）I never worried about my son while I was away because my mother \_\_\_\_\_\_ him.

A．drank a toast to B．played a joke on

C．kept an eye on D．made an apology to

【答案】C

【解析】考查动词短语辨析。句意:我不在的时候从不担心我的儿子，因为我母亲会照看他。A. drank a toast to为……干杯；B. played a joke on开……的玩笑；C. kept an eye on照看，留意，密切注视；D. made an apology to向……道歉。因为母亲会“照看”我的儿子，所以“我”不在的时候从来不担心孩子。C选项符合语境，故选C。

16.（2020·天津卷）We offered to give Sharon a ride home, but she \_\_\_\_\_\_, saying that she felt like walking.

A．understood B．accepted

C．compromised D．declined

【答案】D

【解析】考查动词词义辨析。句意:我们提出Sharon回家，但她拒绝了，说她想步行回去。A. understood 理解；B. accepted接受；C. compromised妥协；D. declined谢绝。根据“saying that she felt like walking”可知，Sharon想自己回家，所以她“谢绝”了我们的提议。故选D。

17.（2020·天津卷）We can’t \_\_\_\_\_\_ buying a new printer for our company. The one we have doesn’t work.

A．take up B．carry out

C．keep on D．put off

答案：D

解析：考查动词短语辨析。句意:我们不能推迟为公司买一台新打印机。我们现在的那个不运转了。A. take up占据；B. carry out实施；C. keep on 继续；D. put off推迟。根据“the one we have doesn’t work”可知，我们平时用的打印机不运转了。所以，我们必须马上买一台新打印机。即:我们不能“推迟”买打印机。故选D。

18.（2019·江苏卷）A city is the product of the human hand and mind, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ man's intelligence and creativity.

A. resembling B. reflecting

C. reviewing D. restoring

答案：B

解析：考查动词辨析。句意：城市是人类的双手和思想的产物，反映了人的智慧和创造力。resembling像；reflecting反映；reviewing回顾；restoring恢复，根据题意，故选B。

19.（2019·天津卷）Kate heard a man's voice in the background, but she couldn't \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ what he was saying.

A. set aside B. take back

C. make out D. keep off

答案：C

解析：考查动词词组辨析。句意： 凯特听到背景中有一个男人的声音，但她听不清他在说什么。set aside“存储，留出”； take back“收回，拿回”；make out“辨认出，理解，了解”； keep off“（使）避开”。故选C。

20.（2018·天津）It took him a long time to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the skills he needed to become a good dancer.

A. display B. acquire

C. teach D. test

答案：B

解析：考查动词词义辨析及语境理解。句意：他花了很长时间才获得了成为一名优秀舞蹈家所需的技能。A display显示；B. acquire获得；C. teach教；D. test测试。故选B。

21.（2018·天津）At first Robert wouldn't let his daughter go diving, but eventually he\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as she was so confidence about her skills.

A. gave in B. dressed up

C. broke in D. turned up

答案：A

解析：考查动词短语词义辨析及语境理解。句意：起初，罗伯特不愿让他女儿去潜水，但最终他让步了，因为她对她的技能是如此的有把握。A. gave in屈服，让步；B. dressed up打扮；C. broke in闯入；打断；D. turned up出现。根据转折词but及原因as she was so confident about her skills.可知，最终他让步了。故选A。

22.（2018·江苏）Developing the Yangtze River Economic Belt is a systematic project which \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a clear road map and timetable.

A. calls for B. calls on

C. calls off D. calls up

答案：A

解析：考查动词短语词义辨析及语境理解。句意：发展长江经济带是一项需要清晰的路线图和时间表的系统工程。A. calls for需要；B. calls on号召；C. calls off取消；D. calls up使想起。故选A。

23.（2018·江苏）Kids shouldn’t have access to violent films because they might \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the things they see.

A. indicate B. investigate

C. imitate D. innovate

答案：C

解析：考查动词词义辨析及语境理解。句意：孩子不应该接触暴力电影，因为他们也许会模仿他们所见的事情。A. indicate指示；B. investigate调查；C. imitate模仿；D. innovate改革。故选C。

24.（2017·天津卷）Mr. and Mrs. Brown would like to see their daughter \_\_\_\_\_, get married, and have kids.

A. settled down B. keep off

C. get up D. cut in

答案：A

解析：句意：布朗先生和夫人想要看到他们的女儿安顿下来，结婚生子。A. 安顿下来；B. 远离；C.起床；D. 插嘴。根据句意，故选A。

25.（2017·江苏卷）A quick review of successes and failures at the end of year will help \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your year ahead.

A. shape B. switch

C. stretch D. sharpen

答案：A

解析：考查动词的辨析。A. shape塑造，决定……的形成，影响……的发展；B. switch转变，交换，

调班；C. stretch拉长，拉紧，伸展，伸长，延伸消耗；D. sharpen提高，使尖锐，变得清晰。句意：快速

回顾一年的成败将会决定来年的发展。故选A。

26.（2017· 江苏）Working with the medical team in Africa has \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the best in her as a doctor.

A. held out B. brought out

C. picked out D. given out

答案：B

解析：考查动词短语辨析。held out坚持；提供机会；伸出手；B. brought out使显现，阐明，出版；

C.picked out使容易看见，找出精心挑选，认出来；D. given out用完，停止运行，分发，发出，公布。句

意：在非洲同医疗队一起工作已经使她表现出了作为医生最好的一面。这里取“使显现”之意，故选B。